

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Armstrong, C. K. (2005). Inter-Korean Relations in Historical Perspective. *International Journal of Korean Unification Studies*, 14(2), 1–20.
- Ayhan, K. J., & Jang, S. (2022). Inter-Korean People-to-People Diplomacy: Social and Cultural Exchanges across the 38th Parallel. *The Hague Journal of Diplomacy*, 20(1), 1–38. <https://doi.org/10.1163/1871191x-bja10139>
- Ayhan, K. J., Park, S., Bier, L. M., & Park, H. W. (2022). What are the Consequences of the Social and Cultural Exchanges between the Two Koreas? Insights from an Experimental Study on the Effect of Superordinate Korean Identity. *Journal of Asian and African Studies*. <https://doi.org/10.1177/00219096221144694>
- BBC. (2010). *North Korean Artillery Hits South Korean Island. November 2010.* <https://www.bbc.com/news/world-asia-pacific-11818005>
- BBC. (2024). *What is the Kaesong Industrial Complex ?* 1–7.
- Bradley, R. (2014). The emergence of multi-track diplomacy in international dispute resolution: The Treaty of Portsmouth and the community that made peace possible. *Willamette Journal of International Law and Dispute Resolution*, 22, 85–104.
- Candidate, S. W. (2016). The Nature of Track Three Diplomacy and its Influence on Cross-Border Security Relations between Kenya and Somalia. *International Journal of Managerial Studies and Research*, 4(7), 1–12. <https://doi.org/10.20431/2349-0349.0407001>
- Chandra, R. (2018). MULTI-TRACK DIPLOMACY : JALUR JALUR ALTERNATIF DALAM BERDIPLOMASI PENYUSUN. *Jurnal Ilmu Pendidikan*, 7(2), 809–820.
- Chang, L. (2021). Separated Families in the Two Koreas: The Organizational and Political Transformations. *Proceedings of the 2021 International Conference on Public Relations and Social Sciences (ICPRSS 2021)*, 586(Icprss), 639–644. <https://doi.org/10.2991/assehr.k.211020.231>
- Chew, C., & Heng, Y. (2018). *Kaesong Industrial Complex and Mt Kumgang Able to*

- North-South Korea Relations*. 2(November), 1–22.
- Creswell, J. W. (2018). Qualitative, quantitative and mixed methods research (Dörnyei).
In *Introducing English Language*. <https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315707181-60>
- Djamba, Y. K., & Neuman, W. L. (2002). Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. In *Teaching Sociology* (Vol. 30, Issue 3).
<https://doi.org/10.2307/3211488>
- Eunjung, B., & Oh, I. (2022). North Korea Policy. *North Korea Policy*, 1–19.
<https://doi.org/10.4324/9780203966655>
- Evans, S. (2024). *Korean families divided by war reunite in the North Create a free BBC account Create a free account*. October 2015, 1–10.
- Fiori, A. (2017). Whither the inter-Korean Dialogue ? Assessing Seoul ' s Trustpolitik and Its Future Prospects Seoul ' s Trustpolitik and Its Future Prospects. *Istituto Affari Internazionali*.
- Firdaus, A. Y. (2020). Multi-Track Diplomacy As Indonesia'S Strategy in Mitigating the Covid-19 Pandemic. *Journal of Social Political Sciences JSPS*, 1(3), 168–177.
www.WHO.org
- Forss, A. (2020). “A People’s Peace”: Inclusive Peacebuilding and the Role of Civil Society in Korea. *Focus Asia*, 5(September), 1–15. <https://about.jstor.org/terms>
- Grzelczyk, V. (2018). Threading on thin ice? Conflict dynamics on the Korean Peninsula. *Asia Europe Journal*, 17(1), 31–45. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10308-018-0523-8>
- Herdinata, P. A. (2019). Pyeongchang Olympics As the Peace Instrument To Encourage the Reconciliation in Korean Peninsula. *Indonesian Journal of International Relations*, 3(2), 65–86.
- House, P., Journal, I., & Peace, W. (2020). *RESOLVING THE CONFLICT ON THE KOREAN PENINSULA BY*. 37(4), 27–58.
- Johnson, J. A., & Vitale, G. (2018). Taekwondo diplomacy: New possibilities for peace

- on the Korean Peninsula. *Physical Activity Review*, 6, 237–250.
<https://doi.org/10.16926/PAR.2018.06.28>
- Jonsson, G. (2018). Inter-Korean Socio-cultural Exchanges and Cooperation. *Towards Korean Reconciliation*, September 2017, 97–149.
<https://doi.org/10.4324/9781351144407-4>
- KBS World Radio. (2020). *Ruang Referensi Kronologi sejarah Korea Utara Tahun 1970 hingga 80-an*. 1–12.
- Kim, H. N. (2006). South-North Korean relations under the Roh Moo-hyun government. *International Journal of Korean Studies*, 10(1), 37–59.
- Kim, K. S. (2002). *INTER-KOREAN RELATIONS AND THE FUTURE OF THE SUNSHINE POLICY* Author (s): KEUN-SIK KIM Source : *The Journal of East Asian Affairs* , Vol . 16 , No . 1 (Spring / Summer 2002), pp . 98- Published by : Institute for National Security Strategy Stable URL : 16(1), 98–119.
- Kim, T. (2003). Engaging the Estranged: Reciprocity and Cooperation on the Korean Peninsula. *Journal of East Asian Studies*, 3(2), 169–198.
<https://doi.org/10.1017/s1598240800001338>
- Koh, D. W. (2004). Dynamics of inter-Korean conflict and North Korea’s recent policy changes: An inter-systemic view. *Asian Survey*, 44(3), 422–441.
<https://doi.org/10.1525/as.2004.44.3.422>
- KOJIMA, S. (2006). *Institute for International Cooperation*. 51. <http://www.jica.go.jp/>
- Korea, N. (2019). *The Aftermath of the EU-Project*.
- Korean, N., Un, K. J., Korean, S., Korea, N., & Kungang, M. (2019). *S Korean facilities at Mt Kungang resort must be removed* : 1–9.
- Korhonen, P., & Mori, T. (2020). The samjiyon orchestra as a north Korean means for gender based cultural diplomacy. *European Journal of Korean Studies*, 19(2), 57–82. <https://doi.org/10.33526/ejks.20201902.57>
- Lea, S. G., & Rahman, E. A. (2015). *Fourth-Track Diplomacy : Its Time Has Come*.

- Lee, G. (2021). *An Assessment of the Past 10 Years of South Korea Policy of the Kim Jong-un Regime*. 30(2), 87–118.
- Lee, K. S. (2018). The making of a nation's citizen diplomats: Culture-learning in international volunteer training program. *Journal of Contemporary Eastern Asia*, 17(1), 94–111. <https://doi.org/10.17477/jcea.2018.17.1.094>
- Lew, Y. I. (2003). *Brief History of Korea*. 5–32.
- Manyin, M. E., Avery, E. C., & Nikitin, M. B. D. (2023). Nuclear Negotiations with North Korea. *Congressional Research Service*, 27. <https://crsreports.congress.gov>
- Manyin, M. E., & Nanto, D. K. (2012). The Kaesong North-South Korean industrial complex. *South Korea: Economic, Political and Social Issues*, 77–110.
- Manyin, M., Smith, K., & Nikitin, M. B. (2020). North Korea: A Chronology of Events from 2016 to 2020. In *U.S. Library of Congress*. <https://www.everycrsreport.com/reports/R46349.html>
- Meiser, J. W. (2018). Introducing Liberalism in International Relations Theory. *E-International Relations Student*, 4. <https://www.e-ir.info/2018/02/18/introducing-liberalism-in-international-relations-theory/>
- Milani, M. (2018). McFarland & Company Securitized Cooperation: Nuclear Politics and Inter-Korean Relations. *Source: North Korean Review*, 14(1), 11–29.
- Milani, M. (2021). *Inter-Korean Relations in the Era of Kim Jong Un*. 1–5.
- Mizokami, K. (2020). *Why Did North Korea Sink the South Korean Warship Cheonan in 2010?*
- Moravcsik, A. (2019). Taking Preferences Seriously : A Liberal Theory of International Politics Published by : The MIT Press Taking Preferences Seriously : A Liberal Theory of International Politics. *International Organization*, 51(4), 513–553.
- Mosler, H. (2022). *Lessons learned? South Korea's foreign policy toward North Korea under Moon*. February.

- Muhamad, S. V. (2016). Isu Keamanan di Semenajung Korea dan Upaya Damai Parlemen. *Politica*, 7(1), 121–143.
- Mujiono, D. I., & Alexandra, S. (2019). Multi Track Diplomacy: Teori Dan Studi Kasus. In *Mulawarman University Press, Samarinda*.
[https://repository.unmul.ac.id/bitstream/handle/123456789/5247/Multy Track Diplomacy.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y](https://repository.unmul.ac.id/bitstream/handle/123456789/5247/Multy%20Track%20Diplomacy.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y)
- Mulwo, A. K., & Kutto, V. (2022). *Journal of African Interdisciplinary Studies (JAIS) : ISSN 2523-6725 (online)*. 6(10), 138–167.
- Pacific, A. (2018). *Winter Olympics – forging peace or false*. 1–7.
- Pratamasari, A. (2019). Kim jong-un’s change of stance: North Korea’s rapprochement for peace in 2018. *North Korean Review*, 15(2), 23–37.
- Scott-Smith, G. (2014). Introduction: Private Diplomacy, Making the Citizen Visible. *New Global Studies*, 0(0). <https://doi.org/10.1515/ngs-2014-012>
- Seliger, B. (2020). *Small is Beautiful : Environmental Cooperation and Peace on the Korean Peninsula*. 33(1), 123–154.
- Setiawan, A. (2016). Teori dan Praktik Diplomasi. *Fakultas Ilmu Sosial Dan Ilmu Politik: Universitas Muhammadiyah Jakarta*, 90.
<http://repository.umj.ac.id/id/eprint/2306>
- Sharp, P. (2001). *Actors Making Sense of Citizen Diplomats The People of Duluth , Minnesota*. 2(2), 131–150.
- Shim, E. (2018). *North Korea ’ s KCNA mentions South Korean taekwondo performance*. 6–7.
- Sim, Y. S. (2010). System dynamics of the relations between two koreas under the roh moo-hyun administration. *54th Annual Conference of the International Society for the Systems Sciences 2010: Governance for a Resilient Planet*, 494–498.
- Somawan, S. (2022). *Hubungan Korea Utara dan Korea Selatan Dalam Isu Internasional*. 105(3), 129–133.

<https://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:BDsuQOHoCi4J:https://media.neliti.com/media/publications/9138-ID-perlindungan-hukum-terhadap-anak-dari-konten-berbahaya-dalam-media-cetak-dan-ele.pdf+&cd=3&hl=id&ct=clnk&gl=id>

Yoon, J. H. (2011). The effect of US foreign policy on the relationship between south and north Korea: Time series analysis of the post-cold war era. *Journal of East Asian Studies*, 11(2), 255–287. <https://doi.org/10.1017/s1598240800007189>