

ABSTRACT

Burkina Faso is a landlocked, low-income country located in West Africa. Armed conflict, water crisis, climate change, rising food prices, and other factors have led to an increasing food crisis in Burkina Faso. World Food Programme (WFP) began operations in Burkina Faso in 1967. To provide food and nutrition assistance to people in need in Burkina Faso, World Food Programme (WFP) works with the government and other partners. World Food Programme (WFP) provides long-term food assistance to those in need and emergency food assistance during a food crisis. This research aims to find out the efforts made by World Food Programme (WFP) in handling the food crisis in Burkina Faso. The research method used by the author in this research is a qualitative method with data collection techniques through library research by collecting data from journals, books, documents, electronic media, and scientific articles. The theoretical framework used in this research is human security, food security, and international organizations.

The programs carried out by World Food Programme (WFP) in handling the food crisis in Burkina Faso are Emergency Food Assistance, School Feeding Program, and Cash-Based Transfer.

Keywords: Burkina Faso, Food Crisis, and World Food Programme (WFP).