

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini mempunyai fokus terhadap kerjasama antara UN Women-UNEP melalui Program *EmPower Women for Climate Resilient Societies* di Bangladesh terhadap pemberdayaan perempuan yang terkena dampak perubahan iklim di Bangladesh. Kurangnya kesadaran dalam menangani perubahan iklim, perempuan tidak dapat berkesempatan untuk meningkatkan kualitas dilingkungannya.

Tujuan Penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui kerjasama antara UN Women dan UNEP, Mengetahui dampak perubahan iklim terhadap perempuan di Bangladesh dan menegetahui implementasi program *EmPower Women for Climate Resilient Societies* dalam pemberdayaan melalui partisipasi perempuan di Bangladesh akibat dari perubahan iklim.

Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kualitatif dengan mendeskripsikan permasalahan yang terjadi melalui data yang diambil dari studi kepustakaan dan wawancara langsung terhadap pihak terkait dengan isu pemberdayaan perempuan di Bangladesh dari dampak permasalahan iklim.

Hasil dari penelitian menunjukkan bahwa adanya bukti keberhasilan Kerjasama antara UN Women dan UNEP untuk memberdayakan perempuan melalui partisipasi *Civil Societies Organization (CSO)* dan petani perempuan dalam *Program EmPower: Women for Climate Resilient Societies* di Bangladesh.

Kata Kunci: Pemberdayaan perempuan, Perubahan iklim, UN Women-UNEP, Bangladesh

ABSTRACT

This research focuses on the collaboration between UN Women and UNEP through the EmPower Program Women for Climate Resilient Societies in Bangladesh towards empowering women affected by climate change in Bangladesh. Lack of awareness in dealing with climate change, women did not get the opportunity to improve the quality of their environment.

The purpose of this study was to find out the collaboration between UN Women and UNEP, find out the impact of climate change on women in Bangladesh, and find out the implementation of the EmPower Women for Climate Resilient Societies program in empowering through women's participation in Bangladesh as a result of climate change.

This study uses a qualitative method by describing the problems that occur through data taken from literature studies and direct interviews with parties related to the issue of women's empowerment in Bangladesh from the impact of climate problems.

The results of the research show that there is evidence of successful collaboration between UN Women and UNEP to empower women through the participation of Civil Societies Organizations (CSOs) and women farmers in the EmPower Program: Women for Climate Resilient Societies in Bangladesh.

Keywords: Women's empowerment, Climate change, UN Women-UNEP, Bangladesh

RINGKESAN

Ieu panalungtikan museur kana kolaborasi antara UN Women jeung UNEP ngaliwatan Program EmPower Women for Climate Resilient Societies di Bangladesh pikeun ngaberdayakeun awéwé anu kapangaruhan ku parobahan iklim di Bangladesh. Kurangna kasadaran dina ngungkulan parobahan iklim, awéwé teu meunang kasempetan pikeun ngaronjatkeun kualitas lingkunganana.

Tujuan tina ieu panalungtikan nya éta pikeun mikanyaho gawé bareng antara UN Women jeung UNEP, mikanyaho dampak parobahan iklim ka awéwé di Bangladesh jeung mikanyaho palaksanaan program EmPower Women for Climate Resilient Societies dina pemberdayaan ngaliwatan partisipasi awéwé di Bangladesh salaku akibat parobahan iklim.

Ieu panalungtikan ngagunakeun métode kualitatif ku cara ngadéskripsikeun masalah-masalah anu lumangsung ngaliwatan data anu dicokot tina studi pustaka jeung wawancara langsung ka pihak-pihak anu aya patalina jeung masalah pemberdayaan wanoja di Bangladés tina dampak masalah iklim.

Hasil panalungtikan némbongkeun yén aya bukti suksés gawé babarengan antara UN Women jeung UNEP pikeun pemberdayaan awéwé ngaliwatan partisipasi Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) jeung awéwé tani dina Program EmPower: Women for Climate Resilient Societies di Bangladesh.

Kata Kunci: pemberdayaan awéwé, perubahan iklim, UN Women-UNEP, Bangladesh