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Analytical Descriptive Study of Article 363 of the Criminal Code: Optimization of Law Enforcement for the Crime of Motor Vehicle Theft

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Abstract

The crime of motor vehicle theft is an act that violates the rules as well as against social norms and against the rights as contained in Article 362 of the Criminal Code. To discuss this problem, research is carried out with an analytical descriptive study approach which in principle conducts research with library research, namely by examining library materials or secondary data as the basic material for research. Furthermore, the data obtained through field research were analyzed qualitatively in order to obtain a clear picture of the subject matter. The results of the study explain that the optimization of law enforcement carried out by the Buah Batu Sector Police in dealing with criminal cases of motorcycle theft. There are several inhibiting factors for the Buah Batu Sector Police in uncovering cases of motorcycle theft. First, people are still reluctant to report 1X24 hours or do not report immediately to the police. local police, so that motorized vehicles are out of reach. Lack of witness evidence, people who don't care about helping the police, goods resulting from crimes or items resulting from theft are sometimes not sold in full but are sold in parts, it is difficult to find evidence, because in general the perpetrators sell evidence to remote areas. or far from the scene of the case, so that investigators need a long time to

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track them down, and a wide network of perpetrators of theft so that investigators in tackling the crime of motor vehicle theft experience obstacles or obstacles, because the extensive theft network makes it difficult for investigators to carry out investigations and investigations.

Keywords

Optimization of Law Enforcement, Crime of Theft, Article 363 of the Criminal Code

Introduction



Indonesia is a state of law stated in Article 1 paragraph (3) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia. In a state of law, law is the main pillar in moving the joints of life in society, nation and state. Therefore, one of the main characteristics of a rule of law lies in its tendency to judge the actions taken by the community on the basis of legal regulations (Ginting, 2018; Gradoń, 2020; Tyas & Rodiyah, 2020). This means that a country with a rule of law concept always regulates every action and behavior of its people based on applicable laws to create, maintain, and maintain peaceful social life, so that it is in accordance with what is mandated in Pancasila and the 1945 Constitution, namely that every country has the right to a sense of security and freedom from all forms of crime (Christie et al., 2021; Surbakti & Zulyadi, 2019).

People want to get and crave an orderly and peaceful life in society. One of the ways to do this is through law enforcement. With good law enforcement, it is hoped that it will create order, security, and peace in the midst of society. Law enforcement can be done through prevention, eradication, and prosecution (Favarel-Garrigues, 2020; Jaya et al., 2020). In law enforcement there are three elements that must always be considered, namely legal certainty, expediency, and justice. The law must be implemented and enforced. Everyone hopes that the law can be enacted in the event of a concrete event.

The community expects legal certainty, because with legal certainty the community will be more orderly. The law is tasked with creating legal certainty because it aims at public order (Hendra et al., 2022; Y. L. Putra, 2020). On the other hand, the community expects benefits in implementing or enforcing the law. Law is for humans, so the implementation of law or law enforcement must provide benefits or benefits for society (Kethineni & Cao, 2020; Skeva et al., 2020). In Indonesia, law enforcement in society is always borne by law enforcement officers. One of the law enforcement officers who have an important role in carrying out law enforcement is the Police (Latukau, 2019; Prawiradana et al., 2020). The Police Institution is an institution established by the state to create order and security in the community, both in preventing, eradicating, and taking action in the event of a violation of the law.

The Police as the party that maintains public security and order in Law Number 2 of 2002 concerning the Police explains that the Police are all matters relating to the functions and institutions of the police in accordance with statutory

regulations. Based on the definition of the police 12 the police as the party that maintains public order and security are stated in Article 13 of Law Number 2 of 2002 concerning the Police, namely maintaining public security and order, enforcing the law, and providing protection, shelter, and services to the community (Cristiana et al., 2020; Tarigan et al., 2020). The main task of the police is to maintain security and public order in a safe and orderly manner is a dynamic condition of society as one of the prerequisites for the implementation of the national development process in the context of achieving national goals marked by ensuring public security and order.

The policinal slaw enforcers are conducting investigations and investigations on a crime. In Law Number 8 of 1981 concerning the Law of Criminal Procedure, Article 1 Number 5, explains that an investigation according to Article 1 number 5 is a series of investigators' actions to seek and find an event that is suspected of being a criminal act in order to determine whether or not an investigation can be carried out according to the method prescribed by law. regulated in this law (Arif, 2021; Devianty, 2017). While the investigation according to Article 1 point 2 is a series of actions of investigators in terms of and according to the method regulated in this law to seek and collect evidence which with that evidence makes clear about the criminal act that occurred and in order to find the suspect. From the explanation of the article, it can be concluded that the police institution is an institution authorized by the state which is expected to be able to assist the process of resolving criminal acts.

Conducting investigations and investigations on a criminal act by the Police, namely within the ranks of the Resort Police which assigns the Criminal Investigation Unit to carry out such investigations and investigations. What is meant by the Criminal Investigation Unit is the main implementing element at the Resort Police level under the Head of the Resort Police who is in charge of fostering the function and carrying out investigations and investigations of criminal acts in the context of law enforcement, coordination and supervision of operational and administrative investigations in accordance with the provisions and regulations stipulated While what is meant by the Criminal Investigation Unit is the main implementing element at the Sector Police level which is under the Kapolsek in charge of carrying out investigations and investigations of criminal acts, providing special services and protection to adolescents, children and women both as perpetrators and victims in accordance with the provisions of the requiations. legislation, and identification for the purposes of investigation (as per Regulation of the National Police Chief No.23 of 2010 concerning organizational structure and work procedures at the Polres and Polsek) (Daseng, 2019; Sinamo et al., 2022).

Law Number 2 of 2002 contains, among others, protecting, nurturing, and serving the community. This shows that the role of the police as a state security tool is very important. Especially in efforts to prevent, overcome, and reveal the network of criminals in this case, the crime of motor vehicle theft (Naibaho, 2019). One way to do this is by establishing an information network in the field of security,

especially in the case of the crime of motor vehicle theft, providing input to the Bandung Police Criminal Investigation Unit and the Bandung Police Criminal Investigation Unit, especially the Curanmor unit (Motorized Vehicle Theft) which is in charge of regulating the situation, locations, and vulnerable hours as well as the network of perpetrators of motor vehicle theft cases.

With the existence of criminal law rules and enforcement of the law carried out by the police, it does not mean that the problem of crime will simply be resolved by itself. The fact has proven that crime can only be prevented and reduced, but it is difficult to eradicate completely. The crime of theft of motor vehicles is classified as a crime of theft in criminal law. The crime of ordinary theft or in its principal form is regulated in Article 362 of the Criminal Code.

The crime of theft is regulated in the Criminal Code with several kinds of divisions or types of theft which include, theft by regulated in Article 363 of the Criminal Code, light theft is regulated in Article 364 of the Criminal Code. Crime, theft with violence is regulated in Article 365 of the Criminal Code, and theft in the family is regulated in Article 367 of the Criminal Code.

The crime of motor vehicle theft is common in big cities in Indonesia. One of the cities in Indonesia where there are many motor vehicle thefts is Bandung City. Bandung Police Chief Commissioner Irman Sugema on Friday 9 August 2021 at the Bandung Police Headquarters revealed that in 2021 the Bandung Police Criminal Investigation Unit and the Bandung Police Criminal Investigation Unit, including the Buah Batu Police, managed to uncover 25 cases of street crimes by arresting 28 suspects in Bandung. , West Java. This disclosure was made by the police within two weeks, starting from July 24 to August 3, 2021 (Prawiradana et al., 2020).

Investigators of the Buah Batu Police Criminal Investigation Unit in tackling the crime of motor vehicle theft use preventive and repressive measures. The form of countermeasures that have been carried out by the Criminal Investigation Unit Investigator of the Buah Batu Police in tackling the crime of motor vehicle theft, in fact the crime of motor vehicle theft is increasing from year to year. Therefore, to tackle the crime of motor vehicle theft that occurs in the community today, it is necessary to pay special attention to law enforcement, especially from the Criminal Investigation Unit Investigator of the Buah Batu Police to tackle the crime of motor vehicle theft in the jurisdiction of the Buah Batu Police. Based on the description of the background, it is interesting to see the optimization of Law Enforcement for the Crime of Motor Vehicle Theft: Analytical Descriptive Study of Article 363 of the Criminal Code.

Method

This research is analytical descriptive, while what is meant by analytical descriptive is that it is expository and aims to obtain a complete picture of the legal situation that applies in a certain place and at a certain time or regarding existing juridical phenomena or certain legal events that occur in society (Gunawan, 2013;

Vaismoradi et al., 2013). While the approach method used in this research is normative juridical, namely library research. Research on secondary data consisting of primary legal materials, secondary legal materials and primary legal materials.

The data collection techniques were carried out by using research methods of general library research, reviewing laws and regulations, journals, textbooks as well as articles and field studies via the internet by opening sites or websites available on the internet. The sources of data used by researchers in this study are data obtained directly from research in the field, while secondary data is data obtained from research into libraries and also books related to this research (Seixas et al., 2018; Smith & Firth, 2011). Furthermore, the data analysis used in this study is a qualitative data analysis, namely analyzing the laws and regulations that apply as positive law.

Result and Discussion

Optimizing the Role of Police Investigators in the Buah Batu Sector in Efforts to Enforce the Crime of Motor Vehicle Theft

The Batu Fruit Sector Police Investigator as the main element of law enforcement who also plays a role as a social control tool, the Batu Batu Sector Police Investigator as law enforcer seeks to take law enforcement actions, namely the prevention and prosecution of motor vehicle theft. In an effort to enforce the law on the crime of motor vehicle theft, the Batu Fruit Sector Police Investigators made several efforts, namely preventive efforts and repressive efforts.

The preventive efforts carried out by the Batu Fruit Sector Police Investigators in an effort to minimize the crime of motor vehicle theft are by carrying out Kring Serse activities on the highway and also entering villages or residential areas at night during incident-prone hours, while repressive efforts have been carried out by Police Investigators The Buah Batu sector is in the form of arrests, detention, confiscation and the process of delegating cases to the Prosecutor's Office and the Court of perpetrators of crimes of motor vehicle theft (Kuswara et al., 2021). With all the obstacles faced and limited personnel, the Batu Buah Batu Police Investigators have succeeded in making efforts to uncover cases of theft of two-wheeled and four-wheeled motorized vehicles, although the results are considered to be still lacking compared to the number of cases of motor vehicle theft that occurred in the jurisdiction of the Buah Batu Police. Disclosure results continue to progress from year to year.

In addition, in the field of law enforcement, especially those relating to the handling of the crime of theft as regulated in the Criminal Procedure Code, the National Police as the main investigator who handles every crime in general in the context of creating domestic security, Article 16 of the Law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 2 of 2002 concerning the Indonesian National Police, has established the following authorities: (1) To arrest, detain, search and confiscate

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(2) Prohibit anyone from leaving or entering the scene of a case for the purpose of investigation (3) Bringing and presenting people to investigators in the context of an investigation (4) Checking and confiscation of letters (5) Summoning people to be heard and examined as suspects or witnesses (6) Bringing in the necessary experts in connection with case examination and (7) Submitting case files to the public prosecutor (Khairunnisa, 2019).

Theft according to and its elements is formulated in article 362. Furthermore, it is regulated in Article 363 of the Criminal Code which explains that it is punishable by a maximum imprisonment of seven years. Theft at night in a house or a closed yard with a house, carried out by people who are at the scene unknown or unwanted by those around them (B. K. B. Putra, 2019; Rusmayadi, 2009). Then the theft committed by two or more people and the theft to enter the place of committing the crime, or to arrive at the stolen goods, are carried out by breaking, cutting or climbing, or by using false keys, false orders or false official clothes. the theft described in point 3 is accompanied by one of the things in points 4 and 5 then it is threatened with a maximum imprisonment of nine years.

Based on the results of the study, it is known that optimizing the role of the police in efforts to enforce the crime of motor vehicle theft, the Buah Batu Police of Bandung City made several efforts, namely, preventive efforts are one way that is shown to prevent the first crime from occurring. done by someone. Based on the results of the study, it is known that the preventive effort carried out by the Buah Batu Police in minimizing the crime of motor vehicle theft is by conveying an appeal to the community through meetings with community leaders, educational leaders, youth leaders and religious leaders. In addition to the appeal, kring serse activities are also carried out on the highway and also enter the village or residential area at night from 24.00 to 04.00.

Meanwhile, the preventive effort carried out by the Buah Batu Police is to provide an appeal to residents through the personnel of the Binmas unit where the public is advised to always be aware of their belongings, especially motorbikes so that their safety is always considered when parking vehicles. Provide information to the public in the event of a crime of motor vehicle theft as soon as possible and report it to the authorities. Preventive crime prevention is carried out to prevent the occurrence or occurrence of crimes for the first time. As the motto in crimonology is that preventing crime is better than trying to educate criminals to be better again, so it is reasonable that preventive efforts are prioritized by the Buah Batu Police because this preventive effort can be carried out by anyone by doing something positive.

In connection with the actions taken against the perpetrators, the Buah Batu Police have taken legal action in the form of arrests, detentions and the process of delegating the case to court. As the main element of law enforcement who also plays a role as a tool of social control, the Buah Batu Police Investigator as law enforcer, seeks to prevent and take action against the crime of motor vehicle theft (Yuserlina, 2020). Based on the results of the study, it is known

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that the repressive efforts that have been carried out by the Buah Batu Police are in the form of arresting the perpetrators of the crime of motor vehicle theft and the results of the study indicate an increase in the number of perpetrators of the crime of motor vehicle theft which have been successfully handled and processed by the Buah Batu Police. The findings of this study indicate that the repressive efforts of the Buah Batu Police in dealing with the crime of motor vehicle theft in the city of Bandung, especially in Buah Batu Subdistrict, although still minimal when compared to incoming reports, continue to progress from year to year.

According to information from the results of the interview with the Criminal Investigation Unit of the Buah Batu Police, AKP Rudhi Gindriansyah, in dealing specifically with the case of motor vehicle theft, each Polsek of the Bandung Polrestabes was ordered by the Kapolrestabes to suppress and must be able to uncover the crime of motorcycle theft in their respective areas in each week which is then at the end of every week. each week, how many reports were received and how many were revealed to be reported and then convened for evaluation and ranking so that each Polsek including the Buah Batu Police took steps and raced and competed in an effort to suppress and disclose.

In addition to ordering the ranks of the Polsek, according to the explanation from the Criminal Investigation Unit AKP Rudhi Gindriansyah, the Bandung Polrestabes also formed a special team for theft with joint Polsek personnel under the control of the Polsek in the context of preventive and repressive measures to help suppress and disclose the crime of motor vehicle theft in each police station, including The Buah Batu Police, so that with this, the Buah Batu Police are making efforts and steps in the form of (1) Inventory and initial data analysis by investigators, field investigations and formulation of the results of the investigation to be coordinated in the context of increasing it into an investigation (2) Taking action in the framework of arresting the perpetrators and revealing networks, operations in vulnerable areas in the context of intercepting or arresting the hands of the perpetrators, examining the results of prosecution in the context of the case settlement process; further investigation as the development of the results of the prosecution; the pursuit of suspects outside the area (Rahmawati, 2013; Rustam, 2020).

Based on the facts on the ground, there are many cases of motor vehicle theft that are not revealed due to inadequate facilities and infrastructure that can make it difficult for investigators to carry out investigations, for example, conventional fingerprint scanners, so that It is difficult to find the identity of the perpetrator. Many cases of theft of motorized vehicles, both wheeled and four-wheeled vehicles in the Bandung Polrestabes area, especially at the Buah Batu Police, are not revealed every year. Criminal cases of theft of 2-wheeled and 4-wheeled motorized vehicles in the jurisdiction of the Buah Batu Police in 2019 of 29 cases of theft of two-wheeled vehicles and 2 cases of theft of four-wheeled vehicles only 13 cases were revealed.

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Many factors that cause many cases of motor vehicle theft have not been revealed. One of them is the limitation of personnel, while there are many cases that must be handled, not only the problem of motor vehicle theft (Kethineni & Cao, 2020). On the other hand, the task of the personnel is not only to disclose criminal cases, but also to complete other case files. When we compare the number of investigators with the number of cases that have been submitted and can be resolved, it can be seen that there is a shortage of investigators. The comparison is as follows.

Table 1. Comparison of the number of investigators with the number of reports of criminal cases of theft of 2 and 4-wheeled motorized vehicles based on time patterns in the Subdistrict of Buah Batu Police in 2021

Number of investigators / assistant	2 Whee	led Vehicles	4 Whe	el Vehicle
investigators	Report	Reveal Case	Report	Reveal Case
13 Orang	29	12	2	1

If you look at the number of incoming reports compared to the number of investigators and referring to the Regulation of the Head of the State Police of the Republic of Indonesia Number 12 of 2009 Article 14 paragraph (2), it shows that the lack of investigators in handling cases of criminal acts of motor vehicle theft. Meanwhile, finding the ideal standard for the number of investigators to handle cases of motor vehicle theft is difficult because there are no special regulations that regulate it, so far it only depends on the number of cases handled and the level of difficulty of the case. The crime scene and the time pattern of motor vehicle theft are difficult to predict, especially cases of theft at night between 24.00-04.00 WIB where at that time the vehicle owner is fast asleep while the patrol from the police is not optimal due to limited vehicles and personnel. This makes it difficult for police investigators to prevent it. Then there are various modus operandi used by perpetrators of motor vehicle theft in carrying out their actions, namely by using modern, traditional, or using violence.

The modus operandi above is a special method used by a criminal to get something he wants. The implementation of these tricks and methods is often carried out in alliance or carried out by more than one person in order to facilitate the criminal process and assist the role of the perpetrator so that the environment is not suspected of being suspected. Many cases of motor vehicle theft have not been revealed and resolved apart from limited personnel, it also takes a long time. Because every day, there are always new cases that must be handled, motor vehicle theft is still a prima donna for criminals. The Bandung Police Chief revealed that the trend of motor vehicle theft is increasing, although in fact the trend is up and down.

In the Polrestabes area of Bandung In one month, the average case of motor vehicle theft reaches 30 incidents. Even some time ago, there were reports of five cases of motor vehicle theft in one day, but sometimes there were none in one day.

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The rapid increase in the number of vehicles has become one of the factors causing the increase in motor vehicle theft. Another factor is the lack of public awareness of security issues. The reality on the ground is that there are still many people who park their vehicles in quiet places and are not monitored by security officers and in areas that are not safe.

The Obstacles Factors of the Batu Fruit Police Investigator in Efforts to Enforce the Law of the Crime of Motor Vehicle Theft

The crime of theft of motor vehicles is still a serious problem in the city of Bandung, including in the area of the Buah Batu Police, Bandung, where efforts to solve it are still very much needed. Therefore we need an effort to overcome or at least prevent it from all parties, both the community and law enforcement officers, which must be identified so that it can run in an orderly, directed and planned manner and take firm action against the perpetrators of motor vehicle theft so as to suppress the rate of development as much as possible (Sari, 2021). Because it is not impossible that in its development theft can be considered as a normal phenomenon in society, so that more and more people have to become victims of the irresponsible actions of the perpetrators of the theft.

Along with the times, the way to commit theft of motorized vehicles is also growing, from a modus operandi which is generally traditional/simple to a modern modus operandi. The development of the modus operandi is also experienced by the crime of motor vehicle theft. From traditional/simple methods such as breaking the keyhole, using a fake key, using a T key, blocking, starting the engine or in other, neater ways, even at this time the theft of a motorized vehicle can also be done by pretending to borrow a motorized vehicle. on a rental basis and then embezzle it by selling it to a middleman.

The favorite modus operandi is to use a T key which then damages the key housing of the motorbike itself, this mode has been used for quite a long time by perpetrators of motor vehicle theft. Although this mode is quite old-fashioned, it is quite effective to use to expedite the theft of motorized vehicles. The next favorite mode is by pretending to look for a place to live, the perpetrator pretends to look for a place to live so that he can conduct observations more safely without fear of being suspected by local residents or the security forces. The next step is to stalk, follow and then intercept the potential victim until they are in a place that supports the theft. The next mode is to spread nails on one corner of the road, which then waits for the vehicle to be hit by the spikes. If the victim has stopped, then the perpetrator will appear and approach the victim who then takes further action (Surbakti & Zulyadi, 2019).

There are several obstacles faced by the Buah Batu Police in cracking down on the crime of motor vehicle theft, including, people are still reluctant to report 1X24 hours or do not immediately report to the local police, so that motorized vehicles are out of reach, in addition to reports that are not directly or indirectly after the incident from the community and after in-depth identification, it turns out

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that there is no real sequence of acts of motor vehicle theft, making it difficult for investigators to identify further. Finally, reports from the public are difficult to develop and investigate by police investigators.

Although the National Police is officially responsible for the prevention and control of crime, especially in this case the crime of theft of motor vehicles, due to the limited facilities and infrastructure as well as information obtained by the police, the participation of the community in efforts to prevent and overcome the crime of theft motorized vehicles are needed.

Witnesses who are also needed to obtain information related to a criminal act of motor vehicle theft are lacking or even non-existent, because the people here are afraid of dealing with the police. Evidence and witness statements are very important for the smooth investigation of criminal acts of motor vehicle theft. People are less concerned about helping the police when they are asked for information by investigators, people who are witnesses are not very clear in providing information so that investigators do not get information on how the chronology actually happened. In addition, the role of the community is also needed by the police to participate in uncovering cases as an information network. Goods resulting from crime or stolen goods are sometimes not sold in full but are sold in parts, by not being sold in full but sold in parts, this indicates that the perpetrators want to minimize being known by the police and this also indicates that the perpetrators of motor vehicle theft work neatly and very secretly so that it is difficult for the police to track down the stolen motor vehicle (Christie et al., 2021).

It is difficult to find evidence, because in general the perpetrators sell evidence to remote areas or far from the crime scene, so it is difficult for the police to track them down. The extensive network of perpetrators of theft makes it difficult for the Buah Batu Police in tackling the crime of motor vehicle theft so that they experience obstacles or obstacles, because the extensive theft network makes it difficult for the Buah Batu Police to conduct investigations and investigations. The strength of the motor vehicle theft network is that this crime is no longer a crime committed by individuals, but involves many people who work together, even as an organized syndicate with an extensive network that works neatly and very confidentially.

The extensive theft network involved many perpetrators, and the perpetrators themselves did not only come from within the city of Bandung or the jurisdiction of the Buah Batu Police. The perpetrators of motor vehicle theft are also many who come from outside the city. This theft network involves the collectors of the stolen goods in it, so that the perpetrators are no longer confused about distributing the stolen goods. This is what makes it difficult for the police to carry out investigations and investigations, so it is also difficult for the Buah Batu Police to pursue the perpetrators (Purba, 2016).

The area of the Buah Batu Police Sector is quite wide with a dense population and is one of the development development areas so that there are many housing developments and many newcomers who enter the jurisdiction of the Buah Batu Police and are not recorded. This is an opportunity for the perpetrators to live and

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settle in the jurisdiction of the Buah Batu Police in order to make it easier for them to carry out their actions so that this is a separate obstacle considering the limited number of personnel. The supporting facilities at the crime scene are inadequate, while what is meant is a means that is intentionally provided to find out how the chronology of an incident in this case is the crime of theft. These facilities are CCTV cameras. Both in the parking lot of a shop, a housing estate, and in a public place, the CCTV cameras installed are of poor quality in capturing an image they record. As a result, investigators could not find out how the modus operandi was carried out by the perpetrators, did not know in detail and in detail.

Conclusions

Based on several conclusions from the analysis of the problem formulation regarding law enforcement of the crime of motorcycle theft in the police area of the Buah Batu sector, the researcher has determined several main points to be conveyed, including the role of the Police Investigator in the Buah Batu Sector in law enforcement efforts for the crime of motor vehicle theft. is as the main investigator and as the main element of law enforcement who handles every crime in general in the context of creating domestic and public security in particular carrying out law enforcement actions, namely the prevention and prosecution of the crime of regulated in Article 16 of the Law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 2 of 2002 concerning the Police of the Republic of Indonesia, Government Regulation of the Republic of Indonesia Number 58 of 2010, Perkap Number 14 of 2012, and Perkap Number 23 of 2010. The obstacles faced by the Batu Fruit Sector Police Investigators in law enforcement Motor vehicle theft, among others, is that people are still reluctant to report 1X24 hours or do not immediately report it to the local police, so that motorized vehicles are already out of reach. Lack of witness evidence, people who don't care about helping the police, goods resulting from crimes or items from theft are sometimes not sold in full but are sold in parts, Difficult to find evidence, because in general the perpetrators sell evidence to remote areas or far from the scene of the case, so that investigators need a long time to track them down, and a wide network of perpetrators of theft so that investigators in tackling the crime of motor vehicle theft experience obstacles or obstacles, because the extensive theft network makes it difficult for investigators to carry out investigations and investigations.

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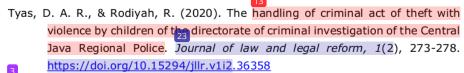
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