

ABSTRACT

The practice of child labor is a violation of human rights so that it requires special attention and is handled seriously. Therefore, the United Nations established the International Labor Organization (ILO) which has the task of solving problems of human rights violations, especially workers or laborers in the world, including dealing with the problem of child labor. Indonesia is one of the countries with a large number of child labor practices. This condition is generally caused by factors of poverty and education that has not been evenly distributed in Indonesia.

The purpose of this research is to find out and understand how the condition of child labor in Indonesia is, to see how the role of the ILO as an international organization in handling child labor problems that occur in Indonesia, and to know and understand the obstacles faced by the ILO in dealing with child labor problems in Indonesia. The method used in this study is a qualitative method and is explained through descriptive analysis

The results of this study explain that in dealing with child labor in Indonesia, the ILO acts as an instrument, arena, and actor. Through these three roles, the ILO as an international organization that focuses on the problem of child labor in the world has been able to carry out its role quite effectively in Indonesia. This condition can be seen from the statistics on the number of child laborers which has decreased in the period 2009-2019. However, the ILO is also faced with several obstacles, namely: lack of awareness from parents about the dangers of child labour; the existence of indirect working relationships through suppliers and subcontractors makes monitoring and supervision difficult by legal entities and governments; Indonesia's economic instability; different priorities for a problem in each local or district government.

Keywords: International Labor Organization (ILO), Child Labor, Indonesia, Role of International Organizations.