

## **ABSTRAK**

Upaya meningkatkan produktivitas usaha tani terus menerus dilakukan oleh Pemerintah Daerah Kabupaten Majalengka agar mencapai hasil produksi pertanian yang maksimal, misalnya upaya efektivitas penggunaan lahan pertanian, dan upaya pembentukan kelompok tani yang diharapkan agar *bargaining position* para petani bisa lebih kuat dalam menghadapi persaingan usahanya.

Permasalahan dalam penelitian ini adalah (1) Bagaimana karakteristik usaha tani sayur di Kabupaten Majalengka. (2) Bagaimana pengaruh luas lahan, jumlah tenaga kerja, modal kerja, dan infrastruktur irigasi terhadap hasil usaha tani sayur di Kabupaten Majalengka. Tujuan dari penelitian ini untuk mengetahui karakteristik usaha tani sayur di Kabupaten Majalengka serta mengetahui sejauhmana pengaruh luas lahan, jumlah tenaga kerja, modal kerja, dan infrastruktur irigasi terhadap hasil usaha tani sayur di Kabupaten Majalengka.

Lokasi penelitian ditentukan di Kabupaten Majalengka. Penelitian dilaksanakan pada bulan Juni 2021. Sampel dalam penelitian ini adalah 125 petani sayur, dengan teknik *Proportional Sampling Method*. Data dianalisis secara deskriptif.

**Kata Kunci: Modal Kerja; Tenaga Kerja; Irigasi Terhadap Hasil Usaha Tani**

## **ABSTRACT**

Efforts to increase farming productivity are continuously carried out by the Majalengka Regency Government in order to achieve maximum agricultural production results, for example efforts to effectively use agricultural land, and efforts to form farmer groups which are expected to make the bargaining position of farmers stronger in facing business competition.

The problems in this research are (1) What are the characteristics of vegetable farming in Majalengka Regency. (2) How is the influence of land area, number of workers, working capital, and irrigation infrastructure on the results of vegetable farming in Majalengka Regency. The purpose of this research This study aims to determine the characteristics of vegetable farming in Majalengka Regency and to find out how far the influence of land area, number of workers, working capital, and irrigation infrastructure on the results of vegetable farming in Majalengka Regency.

The research location was determined in Majalengka Regency. The research was conducted in June 2021. The sample in this study was 125 vegetable farmers, using the Proportional Sampling Method technique. Data were analyzed descriptively.

**Keywords: Working Capital; Labor; Irrigation on Farming Results**