

ABSTRACT

Shafa Chaerima. 2020. Hubungan Pendapatan Petani Dengan Tingkat Pendidikan Anak di Desa Tanjungsari Kecamatan leuwimunding Kabupaten Majalengka. Dibimbing oleh Prof. Dr. H. Bambang Heru, P., M.S sebagai pembimbing I dan Yudho Ramafrizal S.Pd M.Pd. sebagai pembimbing II.

This study aims (1) To determine the income of farmers in Tanjungsari Village, Leuwimunding District, Majalengka Regency (2) To determine the relationship between farmer income and children's education level in Tanjungsari Village, Leuwimunding District, Majalengka Regency. In this study, the researcher used a quantitative approach with a survey method. With this survey method, the researcher used a questionnaire for data collection, the questionnaire was distributed to 58 populations through direct distribution of the questionnaire and then the objects filled out the questionnaire according to the actual situation. The data analysis techniques used in this study are validity test, reliability test, hypothesis test, simple linear regression test with the Spearman test, and Somer's D symmetrical relationship test using IBM SPSS Statistic Version 2. Based on the results of the processed questionnaire recapitulation. by the author on variable X (farmer income) obtained an average result of 3.52 answers with the category agree. while the results of the questionnaire recapitulation on variable Y (education level) obtained an average answer of 3,925 with the agreed category. In the results of this study, results obtained with a percentage of 71%, 78% and 83% of the state of the farmer family income with an income that can be categorized as "high" with a nominal income of Rp. 2,500,000- Rp. 3,500,000, meaning that the condition of the farmer's income is in a good category, so that farmers are able to support their children in education up to a high level with the results of the Spearman correlation test and the results of the symmetrical relationship test respectively of 0.238, greater than > 0.05 , it means that there is no significant relationship between variable X and variable Y with a positive correlation coefficient, namely 0.157 with a sig data result of 0.235, which means it is greater than the significant level of 0.05, which is indicated by no correlation between family income variables. farmers with children's education level do not have a strong relationship

Keywords: Farmers' Income, Education Level