

## ABSTRACT

Putra, Rivaldi (2018). **Enhancement understanding and self-awareness Mathematical High School Students Through REACT (Relating, Experiencing, Applying, Cooperating, Transferring) Learning Model.**

The purpose of this study are: (1) To determine whether the ability of students' mathematical understanding through the model REACT (Relating, Experiencing, Applying, Cooperating, Transferring) is better than through conventional learning models; (2) To determine whether the self-awareness of students who received teaching model REACT (Relating, Experiencing, Applying, Cooperating, Transferring) Better than students who received conventional learning; (3) To determine the learning strategies How REACT (Relating, Experiencing, Applying, Cooperating, Transferring) for the ability of mathematical understanding. The method used is an experimental method with research design used is group pretest-posttest. The population in this study were high school students Kartika XIX-1 Bandung and the sample is two class XI SMA Kartika Bandung XIX-1 randomly selected. Instruments used in this research is to test the ability of mathematical understanding and self-awareness questionnaire. Analysis of data using parametric test data through a pretest-posttest SPSS Statistics 20.0 software for Windows and formula Cohend's to look at effectiveness. Based on data analysis and the result of the research obtained, can be concluded that: (1) increase the mathematical understanding ability of students acquire REACT learning models higher than students who received conventional learning model; (2) self-awareness of students who received REACT learning model higher than students who received conventional learning model; (3) REACT learning effective for mathematical understanding ability with effectiveness in great categories.

**Keywords:** REACT Learning Model, Mathematical Understanding, Self-awareness, Conventional Learning Model.