ABSTRACT


The use of plants as medicine has long been known by the villagers Cirawamekar hereditary. But today there is a declining trend towards the use of traditional medicinal plants because it has varied types of treatment, one of them the use of modern medicine. Then than it is worth to dig up the knowledge of medicinal plants used by the community.

Research on the Study of Drug Plants Ethnobotany Cirawamekar Village West Bandung regency was conducted in May-June 2016 Cirawamekar village of West Bandung regency. The purpose of this study is to determine the medicinal plants used or are used by people as a traditional medicine. This study uses exploratory survey and Participatory Rural Appraisal methods, namely the assessment process involving the community to play an active role in research. The results of this study there are 49 species of plants derived from 34 families, most abundant species from the family Zingiberaceae. Type the most disease cured by herbs are heated (non-communicable diseases) (15%), obtaining medicinal plants most by planting (44%), part of the plant most widely used, namely the leaves (31%) , a way of processing the most that by boiling (35%).

Keywords: Ethnobotany, Medicinal plants, Village Cirawamekar