

THE STUDY ETNOBOTANY OF MEDICINAL PLANTS BY THE VILLAGERS GUNUNGMASIGIT WEST BANDUNG REGENCY.
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ABSTRACT

The title research of the study etnobotany of medicinal plants by the villagers Gunungmasigit West Bandung Regency. The purpose of doing research to find out the types of medicinal plants which are exploited by the community of the village of Gunungmasigit. Utilization of traditional medicinal plants have been known since a long time by people in the Gunungmasigit village. But the increasingly modern advances are feared could cause a loss of knowledge of medicinal plants, traditional knowledge is the treatment of the elderly. The place is doing research that is in the Gunungmasigit village. Research conducted in May-July 2016. The methods used in this research is exploratory surveys and Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) and the interview. The interview was conducted at the community who know herbs medicine with based on a list of questions such as the local name of a plant, the organ which is used as a medication, and plant savor. Unidentified 65 kinds of plants used as medicine contains the 39 families. Types of medicinal plants are the most widely used of the family Zingiberaceae (10.77%). The organ of a plant that is used is the root (6,15%), rod (1.54%), seeds (1.54%), fruit (12.31%), flowers (3.08%), leaf (63,08%) and Rhizome (12.31%). It can be concluded the villagers Gunungmasigit still uses medicinal plants.

Keywords: etnobotany, medicinal plants, gunungmasigit village