ABSTRACT

ETHNOBOTANICAL STUDY OF MEDICINE PLANTS BY GUNUNGHALU VILLAGE PEOPLES WEST BANDUNG REGENCY

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Used of medicine plants in the Gununghalu Village has been never documented, so we need for documentation of ethnobotany study about used plants as medicine by the villagers of Gununghalu. This research was conducted in May- June 2016 in the village of West Bandung regency Gununghalu. The used methods is Exploratory Survey and Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA). Informants were semistructural interviewed as many as 30 people selected using purposeve sampling. The result of this research as many as 62 medicine plants that classified to 39 families were used people of the Gununghalu Village. The highest of medicine planst were used the villagers is Families Zingiberaceae as many as 8 species of plants. The most widely used part was the leaves, in 52 recipes that have been using the leaves as its main ingredients. Herbaceous plants is the most habitus used by villagers of Gununghalu as many as 26 species of medicine plants. The most information about the used of this medicine plants obtained from informats who work as farmers and informants an older

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